

 Present time: present simple, present continuous, present perfect simple, present perfect continuous, stative verbs

## **Present simple**

Form	statement:	I/You/We/They <b>travel</b>	He/She/It <b>travels</b>
	negative:	I/You/We/They <b>don't travel</b>	He/She/It doesn't travel
	question:	<b>Do</b> I/you/we/they <b>travel</b> ?	<b>Does</b> he/she/it <b>travel</b> ?

Use	Example	
Current habits	Toby <b>walks</b> to work.	
To talk about how often things happen	Angela <b>doesn't visit</b> us very often.	
Permanent situations	Carlo <b>works</b> in a travel agent's.	
States	<b>Do</b> you <b>have</b> an up-to-date passport?	
General truths and facts	Poland <b>is</b> in the European Union.	



We can also use *do/does* in present simple statements for emphasis.

'You don't like going by bus, do you?' 'Actually, I **do like** going by bus for short distances.' The bus isn't quicker than the train, but it **does stop** right outside the factory.

#### **Present continuous**

**Form** statement: I **am driving** ... You/We/They **are driving** ... He/She/It **is driving** ...

negative: I'm not driving ... You/We/They aren't driving ... or You're/We're/They're not driving ...

He/She/It isn't driving ... or He's/She's/It's not driving ...

question: **Am | driving ... ? Are** you/we/they **driving ... ? Is** he/she/it **driving ... ?** 

Use	Example	
Actions happening now	Mike <b>is driving</b> to work at the moment.	
Temporary series of actions	Taxi drivers <b>aren't stopping</b> at the train station because of the roadworks.	
Temporary situations	Are they staying in a hotel near the Olympic stadium?	
Changing and developing situations	Holidays abroad <b>are becoming</b> increasingly popular.	
Annoying habits (usually with always)	Dad <b>is always cleaning</b> the car when I want to use it!	

# Present perfect simple

**Form** have/has + past participle

statement: I/You/We/They have flown ...

negative: I/You/We/They haven't flown ...

question: Have I/you/we/they flown ...?

He/She/It has flown ...

He/She/It has flown ...

He/She/It has flown ...

Use	Example
Situations and states that started in the past and are still true	She <b>'s had</b> her motorbike for over six years.
A series of actions continuing up to now	We' <b>ve travelled</b> by taxi, bus, plane and train – all in the last twenty-four hours!
Completed actions at a time in the past which is not mentioned	Have you ever flown in a helicopter?
Completed actions where the important thing is the present result	I' <b>ve booked</b> the coach tickets.

Watch out!

Phrases such as It's the first/second/etc time ... are followed by the present perfect simple.

✓ It's the second time I've been on a plane.

US vs UK Grammar

 Speakers of American English often use the past simple in situations where speakers of British English would use the present perfect simple.

**US**: We already **saw** the Sphinx.

**UK**: We've already seen the Sphinx.

• Speakers of American English use *gotten* as the past participle of the verb 'get', except when 'get' means 'have' or 'possess'. Speakers of British English only ever use *got*.

**US**: We've already **gotten** Dan a new backpack for his summer vacation.

**UK**: We've already **got** Dan a new rucksack for his summer holiday.

#### **Present perfect continuous**

Form statement: I/You/We/They have been travelling ... He/She/It has been travelling ... negative: I/You/We/They haven't been travelling ... He/She/It hasn't been travelling ... Has he/she/it been travelling ...?

Ì	Use	Example
	Actions continuing up to the present moment	We have been driving for hours. Can't we have a break soon?
	Actions stopping just before the present moment	I'm out of breath because I' <b>ve been running</b> to get here in time.



The present perfect continuous is often used with words and phrases like *all day/week/year/*etc, *for, since, just,* etc.

- ✓ We've been walking for hours and I need a rest.
- The present perfect continuous is **not** normally used with the words *ever* and *never*.
  - ✓ Have you ever flown in a helicopter before?
  - X Have you ever been flying in a helicopter before?
- Sometimes there is very little difference in meaning between the present perfect simple and the present perfect continuous and sometimes there is a difference in meaning.
  - ✓ I have worked at the airport for four years. = I have been working at the airport for four years.
  - ✓ I have read that book about cruise ships. (I have finished it.) ≠ I have been reading that book about cruise ships. (I have not finished it.)

#### Stative verbs

Stative verbs are not normally used in continuous tenses because they don't describe actions.

- ✓ I see what you mean.
- X | am seeing what you mean.

<b>Use</b> Stative verbs often refer to:	Example
thinking	believe, imagine, know, mean, think, understand
existence	be, exist
emotions	hate, like, love, need, prefer, satisfy, want
the human senses	hear, see, smell, sound, taste
appearance	appear, look, resemble, seem
possession and relationships between things	belong to, consist of, have, include, involve, own



Some verbs (such as *be, have, imagine, look, see, smell, taste, think*) are stative with one meaning and non-stative with another meaning.

- ✓ **Do** you **have** your plane ticket with you? (state: possession)
- ✓ Are you having lunch at the moment? (action: eating)

#### A Circle the correct word or phrase.

- 1 Elizabeth **usually goes / is usually going** to bed at around eleven o'clock.
- 2 Dan talks / is talking on the other phone right now.
- 3 We don't eat / aren't eating any meat at the moment as we're both on a diet.
- 4 Does air travel get / Is air travel getting increasingly safe?
- 5 My mum calls / is calling me every weekend without fail.
- 6 How much do babysitters generally earn / are babysitters generally earning?
- **You always come / You're always coming** up with excuses for not having done your homework. It's so annoying!
- 8 I don't go / I'm not going out much during the week, but I always try / I'm always trying to go out somewhere on Saturday night.
- **9** No, the train **does stop / is stopping** at Cirencester on Saturdays.
- 10 My mum takes / is taking part in ice-skating competitions almost every weekend.

<b>B</b> Rewrite correctly. Change the words or phrases in bo	old
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1	My dad <b>is often getting up</b> late on Saturday mornings.
2	Are you speaking any other languages apart from English?
3	I already buy all my Christmas presents and it's only October!
4	It's the first time <b>I'm ever having</b> a party at home.
5	Actually, I think Darren <b>does works</b> quite hard sometimes.
6	Carlo <b>is never eating</b> Chinese food before.
7	Sean <b>already books</b> a table for tonight.
8	Needs Melanie any help painting her new flat?

# C Complete using the correct form of the verb in brackets.

It's the first time ......(I / ever / eat) octopus!

2	Sandy (not / see) his sister since she went to university.
3	They (go) on holiday to Spain and won't be back until the end o
	the month.
4	Poor Marusya! She (write) that essay for hours now and she still
	hasn't finished!
5	(you / ever / meet) anyone famous?
6	(I / try) to get in touch with Jenny all morning, but I can't find he
	anywhere.
7	(I / not finish) the book yet so I can't tell you what happens.
8	(you / already / decide) where you're going this summer?
9	( <b>We</b> / <b>live</b> ) here for the last six years.
10	(I / never / hear) such nonsense!

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#### **D** Complete using the words in the box.

D Have you been watching

A do you usually play

B are you usually playing

C have you usually played

D have you usually been playing

just for fun?

Edik, ..... hockey competitively or

E

#### already • before • ever • for • just • rarely • since • so • still • yet

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Have you dreamt of winning the I haven't worked out how to set the timer on My dad's lived in the same house	the vide he wa e of min	eo as born. utes. nfar.
8	It's eleven o'clock and Todd has		e home.Where could he be?
9 10	I've never met Ruth		
Cho	oose the correct answer.		
1	lan a shower at the moment, so could you call back in about half an hour? A takes B is taking C has taken	6	That's the first time an answer right today!  A I get  B I am getting  C I have got  D I have been getting
2	D has been taking to Ipswich before? A Do you ever go B Are you ever going C Have you ever been	7	Jessica has left, I'm afraid. A already B yet C still D so far
3	D Have you ever been going I to all the local newspapers and TV stations to complain. A already write B already writing C have already written	8	Dan in the living room while we redecorate his bedroom.  A sleeps B is sleeping C has slept D does sleep
4	D have already been writing	9	Unfortunately, Simone a day off very often. A doesn't get B isn't getting C hasn't got D hasn't been getting

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to coffee.

A do drink

B am drinking

C have drunk

Actually, I ...... a cup of tea first

thing every morning, but then I switch

#### F Complete using the correct form of the words in the box.

be • disagree • do • include • know • look • see • seem • understand

#### The City of Omsk

#### **G** Match to make sentences.

- I think ..... Α darker hair than her sister. 2 I'm thinking ..... I'm going to buy the new Racetrack CD. В 3 Phil's looking ..... C a haircut at the moment. 4 Phil looks ..... D for his glasses. Have you seen them? 5 Claire has ..... Е not old enough to drive a car. of getting Dad a CD for his birthday. Claire is having ..... F 7 Andy is ..... G very annoying at the moment! Н like he needs a holiday! Andy is being .....
- **H** Complete using the correct form of the words in bold.

#### International friends

The Ath seeds	At the moment, I (1)round Europe. It's the first time I've ever been abroad, and I (2)	TRAVEL HAVE ALSO MAKE BE
	We now send text messages to each other all the time. They're usually in English because my French (5)very good.  Giselle (6)to visit me in Russia next year sometime.  I really hope she can come!	NOT BE PLAN
	I love meeting people from other countries. I want to have lots of friends from all over the world! Travelling certainly (7)the mind, but it also widens your circle of friends!	BROADEN

'You've (1) ...... looking at that timetable for the last ten minutes. It can't be that

Write one word in each gap.

# Holiday Blues

со	onfusing!' said Sheila angrily.
1 (	(2) wish you'd be quiet! I've (3) a splitting headache thanks to you!'
rep	plied Matt.
'M	lum! Dad! Please!' said Alison.'You're both (4) very silly. (5) is no
ро	pint at all in blaming each other. That's not going to help us find out what time the next train to
Bu	udapest is due to leave.'
'Yc	ou ( <b>6</b> ) quite right, darling. I ( <b>7</b> ) sorry, ' said Sheila.
'M	le too,' mumbled Matt.'Now, let's have another look at this timetable. Well, it (8)
lik	e we (9) definitely missed the last train today. That was the 18.20 we just missed,
wa	asn't it?'
1(	(10)so,' said Sheila.'I mean, it did leave at 18.20. Whether it's actually going to
Bu	udapest or not is another question.'
'W	/ell, one thing is (11) in doubt,' said Matt.
'W	/hat's that?' asked Sheila and Alison together.
ʻTh	his is the worst holiday we've (12) been on,' said Matt.'Next year, we're going to
try	y something far less adventurous.'
Άς	greed!' said Sheila and Alison.
Co	omplete each second sentence using the word given so that it has a similar meaning to the first
	entence. Write between two and five words in each gap.
1	What's the price of the tickets, Jimmy? <b>much</b>
-	How, Jimmy?
2	Are these your trainers? to
_	Do you?
3	Sasha's not keen on team sports at all. <b>like</b>
_	Sasha team sports at all.
4	It's only her second time in a recording studio. <b>been</b>
	She in a recording studio once before.
5	We got here three hours ago. have
	We three hours.
6	I started writing this hours ago and it's still not right. writing
	I hours and it's still not right.
7	This is my first experience of flying alone. <b>time</b>

It is the first ...... alone.

Paul enjoys surprises apart from on his birthday. does

Sharon ...... at the moment.

Paul ...... surprises, just not on his birthday!

Sharon's in the bath at the moment. a

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# Travel and transport

#### **Topic vocabulary in contrast**

#### see page 198 for definitions

voyage / journey / trip / travel / excursion	fare / ticket / fee	live / stay
view / sight	miss / lose	border / edge / line
world / earth	take / bring / go	length / distance
area / territory	book / keep	guide / lead
season / period	arrive / reach	native / home

#### Phrasal verbs

catch up with reach the same point/level as	pick up stop in a vehicle to give someone a lift
check in register at a hotel or an airport	<b>pull in</b> stop by the side of the road in a car
check out leave a hotel; investigate	run over hit with a car
drop off let someone get out of a vehicle	see off go to a train station, etc, to see someone leave
get back return from a place	set out/off start a journey
go away go on holiday	take off leave the ground
keep up with stay at the same point/level as	turn round go back in the opposite direction
make for go in the direction of	

#### Phrases and collocations

accident	have an accident; be (involved) in an accident; do sth by accident
advance	in advance; advance to/towards a place
ahead	go straight ahead; go ahead; be ahead of sth/sb
direction	a change of direction; in the direction of sth; in this/that direction
head	off the top of your head; head for/towards a place; head over heels (in love)
holiday	go/be on holiday; have/take a holiday; bank holiday
left	go/turn/etc left; on the left; on the left-hand side; in the left-hand corner; left-handed
route	plan your/a route; take a route
sights	see the sights
sightseeing	go sightseeing
speed	at (high/full/etc) speed; a burst of speed; speed limit
tour	go on/take a tour of/(a)round somewhere; tour a place; tour guide
trip	business trip; school trip; go on a trip; take a trip (to a place)
way	lose/make/find your way; in a way; on the way; go all the way (to sth/swh)
left route sights sightseeing speed tour trip	go/turn/etc left; on the left; on the left-hand side; in the left-hand corner; left-handed plan your/a route; take a route see the sights go sightseeing at (high/full/etc) speed; a burst of speed; speed limit go on/take a tour of/(a)round somewhere; tour a place; tour guide business trip; school trip; go on a trip; take a trip (to a place)

# Word patterns

afraid of sth/sb/doing; afraid to do	invite sb to do
appear to be	<b>keen</b> to do; keen on sth/sb/doing
arrange sth (with sb); arrange for sb to do	live in/at a place; live on/for sth; live here/there
arrive in/at a place; arrive here/there	regret (not) doing; regret sth; regret to tell/inform you
continue sth/doing; continue to do; continue with sth	think of/about sth/sb/doing
differ from sth/sb	write about sth/sb/doing; write (sth) to sb; write sb sth; write sth down
dream about/of sth/sb/doing	

# Word formation

arrange rearrange, arrangement	<b>direct</b> indirect, direction, director, (in) directly	recognise (un) recognisable, recognition
arrive arrival	distant distantly, distance	time timetable
<b>broad</b> breadth, broaden	enter entrance	tour tourism, tourist
culture cultural(ly), (un)cultured	inhabit inhabitant	world worldwide
differ different(ly), difference	<b>photograph</b> photography, photographer, photographic	

#### **Topic vocabulary in contrast**

#### A Choose the correct answer.

1	You need a passport between Mexico and A edge	I the United States. C border	7	Hurry up, or we'll A avoid B miss	
2	•	C existing	8	The brochure says th a great of the A appearance B look	sea.
3	B remaining When you you tour guide will meet A arrive B get	ur destination, your you at the airport. Creach	9	I must remember to back from Spain for r A go B take The from Lon	ny grandmother. C bring D keep
4	It can be quite busy h tourist	-		about 919 kilometre A measure B length	s. C gap D distance
5	David me to to every morning. A goes	3	11	Make sure youyou come to our islan summer. A book B keep	
6	I always enjoy our scl Ukraine. A excursion B journey		12	I live in Barcelona, but is Madrid. A birth B home	t my town C native D origin

#### **B** Circle the correct word.

**Phrasal verbs** 

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- 1 I hope to go on a trip round the world / earth one day.
- 2 You learn a lot about the local **territory / area** by speaking to local people.
- 3 It's good to have someone to **lead / guide** you when you are on holiday.
- 4 I get the train to work every day and the **fare / fee** is quite expensive.
- **5** Captain Cook discovered Australia on a **voyage / travel** to the Pacific.
- 6 Most tourist attractions in London charge an admission fee / ticket.
- 7 The sunset over Niagara Falls really is a magnificent look / sight.

# C Complete using the correct form of the words in the box.

We would like to remind all guests that they must ......out before midday.

4 Please ..... in and stop so that I can buy something to drink.

**5** Every Saturday night my dad ...... us up outside the cinema.

**6** I think the neighbours have ...... away for the weekend.

7 John's up ahead so Greg is pedalling fast to ...... up with him.

8 We're going on holiday tomorrow, but we'll call you when we ...... back.

D	Wri	e a phrasal verb in the correct form to replace the words in italics. Add any other words you .			
	1	We can start our journey towards the mountains at dawn.			
	2	Dad fetched the luggage while Mum <i>registered</i> at the hotel.			
	3 I asked the taxi driver to <i>let me get out</i> outside the train sta				
	4	Oh, no! I've forgotten my passport! We'll have to <i>go back</i> and get it!			
	5	The most exciting moment is when the plane leaves the ground			
	6	Stop the car! I think we've <i>hit</i> a dog.			
	7	I don't think a horse can ever stay at the same speed as a car.			
P	hras	s and collocations			
E	Wri	e one word in each gap.			
	1	The speed in towns is 30 km/h and you shouldn't go faster than that.			
	2	Why don't we the scenic route along the coast?			
	3	If you buy your plane ticket advance, it's often cheaper than if you wait.			
	4	I can't remember the name of the hotel we stayed at off the of my head.			
	5	I'm sorry I'm late! I my way and had to ask for directions.			
	6	My mum's away in Germany on a business at the moment.			
	7	The bank? Well, turn left here, then go ahead for a kilometre and it's on the left.			
	8	If you look on your left-hand as we turn this corner, you'll see Big Ben.			
	9	I'll look round the shops in the morning and then sightseeing in the afternoon.			
	10	My grandma hasn't driven since she an accident last year.			
	11	I love visiting foreign places, the sights and learning about other cultures.			
	12	During the 70s, many British people started to go holiday to Spain.			
•	13	While you're in London, you should take a tour the Houses of Parliament.			
W	/ord	patterns			
F	Cho	ose the correct answer.			
	1	I've always dreamt China.			
		A to visit B of visiting C I visit D visit			
	2	The travel agency is arranging for us at a really nice hotel.			
		A stay B of staying C to stay D staying			
	3	My dad says he always regrets more.			
		A to not travel B not travelling C he not travel D of not travelling			
	4	John seems keen how to drive as soon as he can.			
		A of learning B he learn C for learn D to learn			
	5	Now, class, I'd like you all to write a description of your last holiday.			
	-	A me B to me C it me D about me			
	6	When you arrive, have your passport ready.			
	U	A to the airport B in the airport C on the airport D at the airport			
	7	The Joneses have invited us to Australia with them this summer.			
	7				
	_	A going B for going C about going D to go			
	8	The in-flight entertainment may differ that advertised.			
		A to B from C in D at			

**G** Find the extra word in each line.

#### The cancelled trip

1		Oh, let me tell you about our trip. Did you know that Sara is afraid of be
2		flying? We had arranged it with her family to go to France for a few days.
3	•••••	I have always wanted to see Paris and would love to live in there one day.
4		Well, we got to the airport and Sara appeared being nervous. I asked her if
5	•••••	she was okay and she said she was fine, so we continued on to our way.
6		We went through passport control and I could see so that Sara wasn't
7	•••••	keen on going any further. Just then, a voice announced: 'We regret it to
8		inform passengers that Flight 114 to France is been cancelled.' That was
9		our flight! Sarah said she was glad because of she was too frightened to
10		fly anyway! So, we all went to home. That was the end of that trip!

#### **Word formation**

**H** Use the word given in capitals at the end of each line to form a word (it may be a compound) that fits in the gap in the same line.

It's not always easy being a (1)	.You spend half your	TOUR
time making (2) for your holidations are the same of the sam	ay and the other half	ARRANGE
worrying about sticking to the (3)	I think it's relaxing	TIME
sometimes to spend a holiday at home. There a	are no ( <b>4</b> )	CULTURE
problems, you don't need someone to be the (	<b>5</b> ) and	<b>PHOTOGRAPH</b>
you know that the local (6) are	always friendly!	INHABIT

- Complete the sentences by changing the form of the word in capitals when this is necessary. You may sometimes need a compound.

  - 2 The number of cars ...... (WORLD) is about a billion and is increasing all the time.
  - **3** The new maglev trains run on a completely ...... (**DIFFER**) system from ordinary trains.
  - 4 Living in a foreign country really does ...... (BROAD) your horizons.

  - **6** All passengers must complete a visa form upon ....... (**ARRIVE**) at Singapore airport.

  - **8** The Museum of Transport has a full-sized jet plane next to the ...... (ENTER).

# Units 1 and 2



### **A** Complete using the correct form of the words in bold.

#### THE GREAT BRITISH SEASIDE

to replace of a ( <b>5</b> ) an ir up to	est (1)				
forei ( <b>11</b> ) proje rainy start	After years of neglect, Blackpool (9)				
	(1 mark per answer)  mplete the sentences by changing the form of the word in capitals when this is necessary.  I may sometimes need a compound.  I've always wanted to be a travel				
	places.				
17 18	None of us were sure which				
19	Once we got to the station, I quickly looked through the ( <b>TIME</b> ) to see when the next train was.				
20	I've got a cousin at university who is studying ( <b>TOUR</b> ) and hopes to open a hotel.				
21 22	As we got closer to the Amazonian village, the				
	nplete each second sentence using the word given so that it has a similar meaning to the first tence. Write between two and five words in each gap.				
23	As soon as we got on the plane, the pilot told us to get off again. <b>just</b> We the plane when the pilot told us to get off again.				
24	We arrived in Budapest two days ago. <b>for</b> We two days.				
25	I visited Paris once before. <b>second</b> This is the				
26	I find it hard to go at the same speed as my husband on walking holidays. <b>up</b> I find it hard to my husband on walking holidays.				

27	Joan has always been very fond of travelling and has been everywhere. <b>keen</b>		
	Joan has always been very and has been		
	everywhere.		
28	We drove away as fast as we could, ready to begin our adventure. <b>full</b> We drove away, ready to begin our adventure.		
20	As the storm started, we went towards the		, ,
29	As the storm started, we went towards the		
30			
30	I'm sorry I didn't look at the hotel room before I booked it. regret  I the hotel room before I booked it.		
			(2 marks per answer)
D Ch	oose the correct answer.		
31	Our next door neighbourhis car	34	'I'm really tired of travelling so much.'
	every Sunday.		'I thought you a bit quiet.'
	A is washing		A were seeming
	B washes		B have seemed
	C has washed D is wash		C have been seeming D seemed
22		25	
32	Last summer, I to the beach almost every day.	35	'You look thoughtful.' 'Iabout our holiday last year.'
	A went		A just think
	B was going		B had just thought
	C have been		C am just think
	D have been going		D was just thinking
33	'Whose is this plane ticket on the floor?'	36	'You went to Chile, didn't you?'
	'Oh, it to me. Thank you.'		'No, but Ito Peru, which is right
	A is belonging B belongs		next door.' A had gone
	C has belonged		B was gone
	D belonged		C did go
			D was going
			(1 mark per answer)
E Ch	oose the correct answer.		
37	Three people were captured at the	40	I'm going to ask for directions because I
	today trying to get into the		think we've our way.
	country. A line C border		A missed C mistaken
	B equator D edge		B misplaced D lost
20		41	We usually do go by train, even though
38	There's a fantastic from the top of the Empire State Building!		the caris a lot quicker.  A travel C trip
	A view C appearance		B journey D voyage
	B sight D look	42	Passengers requiring a special meal
39	Once we get to the hotel, let's just	74	during the flight should inform the
quickly and then do a bit of sightseeing.			
	A set down C check in		A ahead C advance
	B make up D turn up		B front D forward
			(1 mark per answer)
	Total mark:	/	5 0